

Is Bosnia and Herzegovina a net exporter of electricity?

Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH), a country of around 3.5 million people, is currently a net exporter of electricity—the only one in the Western Balkans. More than half of its electricity generation capacity is made up of hydropower, while the remainder is made up of five lignite power plants.

Should Bosnia and Herzegovina use more energy?

Bosnia and Herzegovina could do a lot more to use energy efficiently. Electricity prices are kept artificially low and there is therefore limited incentive to make savings. The country is almost four times as energy-intensive as the average in EU countries and has the highest energy intensity in the Western Balkans.

Should Bosnia & Herzegovina cap energy consumption?

To boost energy efficiency and energy savings, it also needs to cap primary energy consumption at 6.5 Mtoe and final energy consumption at 4.34 Mtoe by 2030. In mid-2023 Bosnia and Herzegovina published a draft National Energy and Climate Plan.

Will Bosnia and Herzegovina build a new hydropower plant?

As well as new coal capacity, Bosnia and Herzegovina plans a large amount of new hydropower, which is proving even more controversial than the coal plants. In the last decade, more than 100 small hydropower plants have been built, causing widespread public resistance in places like Fojnica, Kruševica and on the Neretvica and Buna.

Does Bosnia & Herzegovina use natural gas?

Bosnia and Herzegovina does not have its own natural gas extraction so it is dependent on the Beregovo - Horgos - Zvornik import route from Russia via Ukraine, Hungary and Serbia. Gas use in the country is limited by the distribution network which is only present in Sarajevo, Zenica, Zvornik and Visoko.

The COVID-19 pandemic was a test to cooperation and partnerships and showed, more starkly than ever, how we must respond collectively and in new, more flexible ways to complex and unprecedented global challenges. The past months have been challenging, revealing deficiencies that exposed the world to the pandemic and in some cases deepened ...

The ICRC has been active in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) since the beginning of the conflict in 1992. During the conflicts in the former Yugoslavia, we visited over 54,000 detainees in 520 places of detention, exchanged 18 million Red ...

Struktur etnik di Bosnia dan Herzegovina mengikut perbandaran pada tahun 1991. Berdasarkan bancian 1991, Bosnia dan Herzegovina memiliki penduduk seramai 4,377,000 orang, sementara bancian tidak rasmi oleh UNHCR pada tahun 1996 menunjukkan penurunan kepada 3,920,000 orang. [perlu rujukan] Penghijrahan

besar penduduk semasa Perang Yugoslavia pada tahun ...

Bosnia and Herzegovina.¹ That decision and several subsequent rulings² that held that Bosnian electoral law is discriminatory against "persons not affiliated with the constituent peoples in Bosnia and Herzegovina or those failing to meet a combination of the requirements of ethnic origin and place of residence as regards their right to stand ...

Bosnia and Herzegovina (Serbo-Croatian: Bosna i Hercegovina, Bosna i Xerczegovina), sometimes known as Bosnia-Herzegovina and informally as Bosnia, is a country in Southeast Europe, situated on the Balkan Peninsula borders Serbia to the east, Montenegro to the southeast, and Croatia to the north and southwest. In the south it has a 20 kilometres (12 ...

The first state in modern-day Bosnia and Herzegovina was in the Middle Ages. After the conquest of Bosnia by the Ottoman Empire in the 15th century, Islam was introduced to the local population. During the Ottoman Empire, it was a very important province in the Balkans and the capital, Sarajevo, had 100,000 people the Russo-Turkish War (1877-1878), Austria ...

The Bosnia and Herzegovina national under-17 football team is made up by players who are 17 years old or younger and represents Bosnia and Herzegovina in international football matches at this age level. It is controlled by the Football Association of ...

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The Universal Periodic Review (UPR) is a unique process which involves a review of the human rights records of all UN Member States. The UPR is a State-driven process, under the auspices of the Human Rights Council, which provides the opportunity for each State to declare what actions they have taken to improve the human rights situations in their countries ...

News and project updates from Bosnia and Herzegovina. EBRD and EU support green and sustainable transition in Bosnia and Herzegovina. EBRD arranges EUR40.1 million financing to Elektroprivreda BiH towards Bosnia and Herzegovina's green transition. EBRD launches risk-sharing framework in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Bosnia and Herzegovina is a democratic republic with a complex political system divided into two entities: the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina and Republika Srpska. Regulatory Environment Business regulations

can be bureaucratic; local legal assistance is advisable.

USAID in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) contributes to U.S. government objectives in the country by helping BiH progress toward a harmonized economy, effective and transparent government institutions with a strong civil society, and a multi-ethnic, tolerant society.

In Bosnia and Herzegovina, religion is often linked to ethnicity, i.e. (with the exception of agnostics and atheists) most Bosniaks are Muslim, Serbs are Orthodox Christian, and Croats are Roman Catholic. Population of Bosnia and Herzegovina according to ethnic group 1948-2013 Ethnic group Census 1948

The history of the Jews in Bosnia and Herzegovina (Serbo-Croatian: Jevreji Bosne i Hercegovine; Jevrejski narod Bosne i Hercegovine) spans from the arrival of the first Bosnian Jews as a result of the Spanish Inquisition to the survival ...

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